

Internal Audit Report for Easton Parish Council for the period ending 31 March 2024

Clerk	Andrew Staples
RFO (if different)	-
Chairperson	Councillor Sue Piggott
Precept	£10,007.62
Income	£19,587.27
Expenditure	£46,365.90
General reserves	£8,481
Earmarked reserves	£7,021
Audit type	Annual
Auditor name	Victoria Waples

Introduction

The primary objective of internal audit is to review, appraise and report upon the adequacy of internal control systems operating throughout the council. To achieve this SALC adopt a predominantly systems-based approach to audit.

The council's internal control system comprises the whole network of systems established within the council to provide reasonable assurance that the council's objectives will be achieved, with reference to:

- the effectiveness of operations
- the economic and efficient use of resources
- compliance with applicable policies, procedures, laws, and regulations
- the safeguarding of assets and interests from losses of all kinds, including those arising from fraud, irregularity, and corruption
- the integrity and reliability of information, accounts, and data

Methodology

When conducting the audit, the internal auditor may:

- conduct a selective assessment of compliance with relevant procedures and controls expected to be in operation during the financial year in order to be able to complete the Annual Internal Audit Report 2022/23 of the Annual Governance and Accountability Return (AGAR)
- review the reliability and integrity of financial information and the means used to identify, measure, classify and report such information
- review the means of safeguarding assets and, as appropriate, verify the existence of such assets
- appraise the economy and efficiency with which resources are employed, identify opportunities to improve performance and recommend solutions to problems
- review the established systems to ensure compliance with those policies, procedures, laws, and regulations which could have a significant impact on operations, and determine whether the council complies
- review the operations and activities to ascertain whether results are consistent with objectives and whether they are being conducted as planned

Section 1 – proper bookkeeping		
The internal auditor will look at the methods and processes used to manage the council’s accounts and in particular that it provides clear data for reporting and monitoring purposes. This includes checking information is accurate, kept up to date, referenced and verified.		
Evidence		<i>Internal auditor commentary</i>
<i>Is the ledger maintained and up to date?</i>	Yes	For the year under review, the council used excel spreadsheets to produce reports on a receipts and payments basis. The Responsible Financial Officer (RFO) has ensured that the cashbook is the focus for day-to-day accounting and is aware that the balancing off and reconciliation to the bank statement remains the most important control over the accounting system.
<i>Is the ledger on the correct basis in relation to the gross income/expenditure?</i>	Yes	Council’s gross income and expenditure level is below the threshold of £200,000 and has been for three (3) continuous years. Council’s operating under this limit may choose either to report on an income and expenditure basis or on a receipts and payments (R&P) basis.
<i>Is the cash book up to date and regularly verified?</i>	Yes	The cashbook is reconciled on a monthly basis. Council follows Proper Practices in ensuring that its accounting procedure gives an accurate presentation of an authority’s true financial position by focusing on the balance of economic benefits that it has under its control, rather than just its bank balance and the Responsible Financial Officer (RFO) has ensured that there are clear financial management reports submitted to the council on a regular basis.
<i>Is the arithmetic correct?</i>	Yes	A number of spot checks were conducted, and the functionality of the cashbook was found to be in order.
<i>Additional comments:</i> council might wish to see the cashbook make reference to the powers used to incur expenditure which would show that council has understood that statutory powers, are granted by Parliament and give local councils the choice or opportunity to take action and are therefore discretionary. Like all powers given to public bodies the powers of local councils are defined in detail in legislation and these details may include a requirement to obtain the consent of another body. The council would then be able to demonstrate that it has exercised its powers subject to the provisions of the general law.		

Section 2 – Financial Regulation and Standing Orders
The internal auditor will check the date the Council conducted its annual review of both Standing Orders and Financial Regulations and in particular check if these are based on NALC’S latest model which include legislative changes.

Evidence		<i>Internal auditor commentary</i>
Have Standing Orders been adopted, up to date and reviewed annually?	Yes	The Standing Orders, as seen on the Parish Council's website, were reviewed at the meeting of 18 th March 2024. Council's Orders, are based on the latest model published by the National Association of Local Councils (2018) with adjustments to procurement thresholds as advised in 2022. The Standing Orders are compliant with legislation and have been adapted (where they are not statutory requirements) to ensure that they are relevant to the Parish Council.
Are Financial Regulations up to date and reviewed annually?	Yes	Financial Regulations (FR), as seen on the Council's website were also reviewed at the meeting of 18 th March 2024 and are based on the NALC Model Financial Regulations 2019 with provisions included as outlined under LTN 87 - Procurement – March 2022. <i>Comment: council might wish to note that SALC have advised that new model financial regulations are available for councils to adopt at the earliest opportunity.</i>
Has the Council properly tailored the Financial Regulations?	Yes	The Council's Financial Regulations have been tailored to the Parish Council.
Has the Council appointed a Responsible Financial Officer (RFO)? ¹	Yes	In accordance with Section 151 of the Local Government Act 1972(d) (financial administration), the Council has appointed a person (the Clerk) to be responsible for the administration of the financial affairs of the relevant authority. Council's Financial Regulation 1.8 confirms that the Clerk is so appointed.
Additional comments:		

Section 3 – Payment controls

The internal auditor will specifically check bank reconciliation including credit/debit cards and management approval processes and evidence that internal Financial Regulations (FO) are being followed. The internal auditor will examine how regular payments are managed and specifically seek evidence that these have been brought back to the Council for verification purposes especially where the actual payment made differs from the amount previously agreed. VAT should be clearly identified including evidence that claims have been correctly managed.

¹ Section 151 Local Government Act 1972 (d)

The internal auditor will check if the Council has a clear understanding on eligibility in relation to the General Power of Competence and that s.137 has been correctly applied and managed.		
Evidence		<i>Internal auditor commentary</i>
Is there supporting paperwork for payments with appropriate authorisation?	Yes	A selection of random payments were cross checked against payment schedules, cash book, bank statement and invoices and all were found to be recorded/ authorised in accordance with Proper Practices. A spot check of payments made under contractual terms were further analysed and all were found to be in accordance with agreed schedules and sums approved. During the year, in accordance with council's financial regulation 6.6, payments made away from meetings were reported to the council at the next convenient meeting.
Where applicable, are internet banking transactions properly recorded and approved?	Yes	Internet banking is operated in accordance with the council's own Financial Regulations and is used for the settlement of the council's expenditure. The council's internal control statement details the procedure to be followed for the making of such payments in accordance with council's own Financial Regulations. Confirmation was seen from the councillor's bankers that there was a complex mandate in place. <i>Comment: to further demonstrate good practice, council's internal controls provide details of the verification process that will be undertaken by the council, with such reviews being evidenced in the minutes and any discrepancies identified and addressed. This is not only good practice but is also a safeguard for the RFO and fulfils one of the authority's internal control objectives.</i>
Is VAT correctly identified, recorded, and claimed within time limits?	Yes	VAT is identified in the cash book with the year-end balance standing at £1,125.67, which will be submitted as a reclaim after year-end. The VAT reclaim for the period ending 31 st March 2023 in the sum of £2,709.44 was settled in May 2023.
Has the Council adopted the General Power of Competence (GPOC) and is there evidence this is being applied correctly? ²	No	Council has not declared that it fulfils the eligibility criteria to use the general power of competence (at least two-thirds elected members and a qualified Clerk (CiLCA or higher)).

² Localism Act

Are payments under s.137 ³ separately recorded, minuted and is there evidence of direct benefit to electorate?	N/A	There were no payments seen in the cashbook made under s137.
Where applicable, are payments of interest and principal sums in respect of loans paid in accordance with agreements?	N/A	Council has no such loans.
Additional comments:		

Section 4 – Risk management		
The internal auditor will expect to find evidence of the management of risks from identification of what those are for each individual Council through to how these will be managed and the controls in place to mitigate these and that these have been approved by the Council.		
Evidence		Internal auditor commentary
<i>Is there evidence of risk assessment documentation?</i>	Yes	The risk assessment documentation as reviewed provides details of the risks associated with the functioning of a smaller authority and the measures that the Council will undertake to mitigate such risks. The annual assessment of the risk register was considered and adopted by the council at its meeting of 18 th March 2024.
<i>Is there evidence that risks are being identified and managed?</i>	Yes	Council is aware that risk assessment needs to focus on the safety of the parish council's assets and in particular its money. There is evidence that overall the parish council has taken action to identify and assess those risks and has considered what actions or decisions it needs to take during the year to manage in order to avoid financial or reputational consequences.
<i>Does the Council have appropriate and adequate insurance cover in place for employment, public liability and fidelity guarantee and has been reviewed on an annual basis?</i>	Yes	Council has insurance in place under a Local Councils Policy through Clear Councils as underwritten by Aviva. Core cover for the council's insurance policy is shown as: Employer's liability: £10million; Public/Products Liability: £10million; Fidelity Guarantee of £150thousand.

³ Section 137 of the Local Government Act 1972 ("the 1972 Act") enables local councils to spend a limited amount of money for purposes for which they have no other specific statutory expenditure. The basic power is for a local council to spend money (subject to the statutory limit – of £9.93 per elector) on purposes for the direct benefit of its area, or part of its area, or all or some of its inhabitants.

		<p><i>Comment: Council has followed recommended guidance by ensuring that its Fidelity Cover is equal to at least the sum of the year-end balances plus 50% of the precept/grants to be received in the following April/May and/or during the year upon receipt of grants.</i></p> <p>There is no minute reference to demonstrate that council, being aware that it is the responsibility of the Council as a whole to satisfy itself that insurances are adequate and that all steps have been taken to mitigate and manage identified risks with appropriate insurance, undertook an annual review of its insurance prior to renewal.</p> <p>Recommendation: Council should ensure that it is able to demonstrate that it has reviewed the risks facing the Council in transacting its business and has taken out appropriate insurance to manage and reduce the risks relating to property, cash and legal liability (amongst other things) and that the current scope is sufficient for the council's needs.</p>
<p><i>Evidence that internal controls are documented and regularly reviewed⁴</i></p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>Council reviewed and adopted its Statement of Internal Control for the year commencing 1st April 2024 on 18th September 2023.</p> <p><i>Comment: council, in accordance with Regulation 6 of the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015, has confirmed that the financial and management systems of the council were sound and adequate and internal control arrangements were efficient and effective to address the risks associated with the management of public finances.</i></p>
<p><i>Evidence that a review of the effectiveness of internal audit was conducted during the year, including consideration of the independence and competence of the internal auditor prior to their appointment⁵</i></p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>The Statement of Internal Controls, as adopted, also covers the scope and effectiveness of its internal audit arrangements, with such a review covering both internal and external audit.</p> <p><i>Comment: Council is aware that in accordance with the Accounts and Audit Regulation 2015, the parish council must review the terms of reference and effectiveness of internal audit and demonstrate that it has understood that the role of internal audit is to evaluate and report on the adequacy of the system of internal control.</i></p>

⁴ Accounts and Audit Regulations

⁵ Practitioners Guide

Additional comments:

Section 5 – Budgetary controls

The internal auditor will seek verification that budgets are properly prepared, agreed and monitored. In particular they will look for evidence of good practice in that the key stages of the budgetary process have been followed

Evidence		Internal auditor commentary
<i>Verify that budget has been properly prepared and agreed</i>	Yes	The budget for the year 2023-2024 was approved at the Council meeting of 28 th November 2022 and was set at £10,007.61 to be fully funded by the precept which would show a nil increase. The budget for the year 2024-2025 was approved at the council meeting of 24 th January 2024 with evidence produced that this would be set at £10,507.99. <i>Comment: council has evidenced within the minutes the actual budget being set alongside the reasoning for such a budget thereby ensuring transparency in the budgetary process followed by the council.</i>
<i>Verify that the precept amount has been agreed in full Council and clearly minuted</i>	Yes	The precept for the year 2023–2024 was set at £10,007.61 at the meeting of 28 th November 2022 with the minutes showing that council agreed to a nil increase rise on a Band D Council Tax dwelling. The precept for the year 2024–2025 was discussed and approved at the meeting of 24 th January 2024 and set at £10,507.99. The minutes show that this would represent a 5.09% increase on a Band D Council Tax dwelling over that set for the previous year and the reasoning behind the increase.
<i>Regular reporting of expenditure and variances from budget</i>	Yes	At each meeting a financial report is submitted summarizing the Council's receipts and payments and aggregate receipts and payments for the year to date with balances held. The review also covered the budget for the current year and a review of income and expenditure against budget along with forecasts for the remainder of the year. <i>Comment: the RFO has ensured that, in accordance with its own standing orders, there is at least a quarterly statement summarizing the council's receipts and payments and aggregate receipts and payments for the year to date with balances held submitted and considered by the council.</i>

<i>Reserves held – general and earmarked</i> ⁶	Yes	<p>The Council, as at year-end, had overall reserves totalling £15,502 (rounded) which are broken down as general reserves totalling £8,481 and earmarked £7,021.</p> <p><i>Comment: Council should note guidance as issued by Proper Practices which states that it is regarded as acceptable for a council's general (non-earmarked revenue) reserves to be equal to 3 to 12 months of Net Revenue Expenditure and should ensure that the level of general reserves held is in accordance with an adopted General Reserve Policy.</i></p> <p>There is no upper limit for Earmarked Reserves, but they should be held for genuine and intended purposes and their level subject to regular review and justification (at least annually).</p> <p><i>Comment: Council is aware that its level of earmarked reserves held should be annually reviewed and explanations provided for movement within the specified target for that reserve.</i></p>
Additional comments:		

<p>Section 6 – income controls The internal auditor will seek evidence to ensure income is correct managed – recorded, banked, and reported and test mechanisms used to achieve this.</p>		
Evidence		Internal auditor commentary
<i>Is income properly recorded and promptly banked?</i>	Yes	Income is recorded in accordance with Council's Financial Regulations. A sample of receipts was checked against cash book and bank statement and found to be in order and recorded in accordance with Proper Practices. The RFO has ensured that the accounting records contain all day-to-day entries of all sums of money received.
<i>Is income reported to full council?</i>	Yes	Income received is reported to full Council within the financial reports submitted council in accordance with council's financial regulations.

⁶ In accordance with proper practices, the generally accepted minimum level of a Smaller Authority's General Reserve is that this should be maintained at between three (3) and twelve (12) months of Net Revenue Expenditure

<i>Does the precept recorded agree to the Council Tax Authority's notification?</i>	Yes	Council received precept in the sum of £10,007.61 from East Suffolk Council for the period under review as reported to full Council within its Financial Reports at its meetings in April and September 2023. Evidence was provided showing a full audit trail from Precept being discussed and approved to being served on the Charging Authority to remittance advice showing the Precept to be paid and receipt of same in the council's bank account.
<i>If appropriate, are CIL reporting schedules in accordance with the Regulations?⁷</i>	N/A	During the year under review, council did not receive any CIL receipts.
<i>Is CIL income reported to the council?</i>	N/A	There were no CIL receipts to be reported.
<i>Does unspent CIL income form part of earmarked reserves?</i>	Yes	The CIL workings for 2023/2024 shows that there was a retained balance at the year ending 31 st March 2023 of £29,849.64 which was fully expended in 2023-2024.
<i>Has an annual report been produced?</i>	Yes	The Annual CIL Statement has been produced and e signed by the Chair and shows a nil balance carried forward at year end.
<i>Has it been published on the authority's website?</i>	Yes	The Annual CIL Statement for the year has been uploaded onto the council's website. <i>Comment: council is aware that the Regulations provided clarity on the timing of the reports, and by which date they should be brought into the public domain.</i>
Additional comments:		
Section 7 – petty cash The Internal Auditor will seek evidence that the Council has followed its own policies, procedures, and verification processes and that these are up to date.		
Evidence		Internal auditor commentary
<i>Is petty cash in operation?</i>	N/A	Council does not operate a petty cash system.

⁷ Community Infrastructure Levy Regulations 2010

<i>If appropriate, is there an adequate control system in place?</i>	N/A	
Additional comments:		

Section 8 – Payroll controls		
The Internal Auditor will check salaries were approved in accordance with PAYE, NI, Pension and that there is a clear understanding that the clerk is not self-employed. The Internal Auditor will also review how payroll is managed including evidence of approval of payslips.		
Evidence		Internal auditor commentary
<i>Do all employees have contracts of employment?</i>	Yes	Council had 1 employee on its payroll at the period end of 31 st March 2024. Employment contracts were not reviewed during the internal audit but the Clerk to the Council has confirmed that all staff have a contract of employment in place.
<i>Has the Council approved salary paid?</i>	Yes	All salary payments are presented to full Council for approval and payment is made via internet banking in accordance with council's own Financial Regulations. Amendments to salary points, working hours, budgets and support for training are all approved by full council. <i>Comment: Council ensures that there are suitable payroll arrangements in place which ensures the accuracy and legitimacy of payments of salaries and wages, and associated liabilities and as such the council has complied with its duties under legislation.</i>
<i>Minimum wage paid?</i>	No	No employee is paid the national minimum wage.
<i>Are arrangements in place for authorising of the payroll and payments to the council? Does this include a verification process for agreeing rates of pay to be applied?</i>	Yes	There are suitable payroll arrangements in place which ensures the accuracy and legitimacy of payments of salaries and wages, and associated liabilities and as such the council has complied with its duties under legislation.
<i>Do salary payments include deductions for PAYE/NIC? Is PAYE/NIC paid promptly to HMRC?</i>	Yes	The payroll function for the year under review is operated in accordance with HM Revenue and Customs guidelines and outsourced. Cross-checks were completed on a sample of payments covering salary and all were found to be in order.

<i>Is there evidence that the Council is aware of its pension responsibilities? Are pension payments in operation?⁸</i>	Yes	Council is aware of its pension responsibilities, but no employee is enrolled into a council approved pension provider.
<i>Have pension re-declaration duties been conducted</i>	Yes	From paperwork seen, the council completed its re-declaration of compliance with The Pensions Regulator on 23 rd April 2024.
<i>Are there any other payments (e.g.: expenses) and are these reasonable and approved by the Council?</i>	Yes	There is a satisfactory expense system in place and all expenses claimed are approved by full council with supporting paperwork in place and reimbursed in accordance with Council's Financial Regulations.
Additional comments:		

Section 9 – Asset control		
The Internal Audit will be seeking to establish if there is a list of assets in accordance with proper practices including the date of acquisition, location, and value. This extends to checking policies (with evidence of review) and that the Council has applied the documented approach in practice. The Internal Auditor will check not only valuation processes but the existence of reserve budgets for depreciation and adequacy of insurance. A clear audit trail should be available when items are purchased including minutes to evidence approval.		
Evidence		Internal auditor commentary
<i>Does the Council maintain a register of material assets it owns and manage this in accordance with proper practices?⁹</i>	Yes	The Asset Register, as submitted for internal audit review, reflects those items listed under insurance and within the parish council's remit for maintenance and ownership. It is noted that the declared value for all assets at year-end (31.03.2024) is £40,479.14 which reflects nil movement during the year under review.
<i>Is the value of the assets included? (Note value for insurance purposes may differ)</i>	Yes	Council is mindful of the guidance within the Governance and Accountability for Smaller Authorities in England March 2023 on the valuation of its assets and has ensured that where the acquisition value of the asset at the time of first recording is used, that method of valuation has been consistently applied.
<i>Are records of deeds, articles, land registry title number available?</i>	Yes	Records of deeds, articles, land registry title number were not reviewed during the internal audit which was conducted via remote means.

⁸ The Pension Regulator – [website click here](#)

⁹ Practitioners Guide

<i>Are copies of licences or leases available for assets sited at third party property?</i>	N/A	Council has not declared any assets located on third party property.
<i>Is the asset register up to date and reviewed annually?</i>	Yes	Whilst the asset register does not contain an approval date, the values on the Asset Register - £40,479 (rounded) - are those detailed at Line 9 on the Accounting Statements of the AGAR.
<i>Cross checking of insurance cover</i>	Yes	Council has insurance under all risks cover for its assets as specified under the headings on the insurance schedule.
Additional comments:		

Section 10 – bank reconciliation		
The internal auditor will seek to establish that the Council understands and can evidence good practice and internal control mechanisms in relation to bank reconciliation.		
Evidence		Internal auditor commentary
<i>Is bank reconciliation regularly completed and reconciled with the cash book and cover every account?</i>	Yes	Bank reconciliations are completed on a regular basis and reconcile with the cash sheets.
<i>Do bank balances agree with bank statements?</i>	Yes	Bank balances agree with year end and period end statements and, as at year end (31 st March 2024) the balance across the councils accounts stood at £15,502.28 as recorded in the council's cashbooks and on the bank reconciliation. <i>Comment: council has noted that the year-end bank reconciliation is a key financial control as it will underpin and support the total cash and short-term investments balance as shown in Line 8 of the Accounting Statements of the AGAR.</i>
<i>Is there regular reporting of bank balances at Council meetings?</i>	Yes	Balances across the Council's accounts are reported at each meeting of full Council. The minutes of council meetings, demonstrate that a review of the bank reconciliation versus the bank statements has been undertaken. In compliance with council's internal controls, there is a requirement for members to confirm the amounts equate to those stated in the reports. <i>Comment: this is not only good practice but is also a safeguard for the RFO and fulfils one of the authority's internal control objectives.</i>

Additional comments:

Section 11 – year end procedures		
Evidence		<i>Internal auditor commentary</i>
<i>Are appropriate accounting procedures used?</i>	Yes	Accounts are produced on a receipts and payments basis.
<i>Financial trail from records to presented accounts</i>	Yes	The Internal Auditor confirms that having reviewed the year-end files, there is a full underlying financial trail from financial records to the accounts produced.
<i>Has the appropriate end of year AGAR¹⁰ documents been completed?</i>	Yes	As Council is a smaller authority with gross income and expenditure exceeding £25,000 it will be required to complete the Annual Governance and Accountability Return (AGAR) Form 3. The Draft Accounting Statements were submitted for internal audit. <i>Comment: council should ensure that it considers its responses to 11a on the Accounting Statements and Assertion 9 on the Annual Governance Statements..</i>
<i>Did the Council meet the exemption criteria and correctly declared itself exempt?</i>	N/A	As the council had gross income and expenditure exceeding £25,000 during 2022-2023 it was not able to declare itself exempt from a limited assurance review for the year ending 31 st March 2023.
<i>During the period in question did the small authority demonstrate that it correctly provided for the exercise of public right as required by the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015?</i>	Yes	Council has demonstrated that during the year under review, it ensured that the period for the exercise of elector’s rights during Summer 2023 was in accordance with the period specified within the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015. The dates set were 26 th June to 4 th August 2023 with the Notice being dated 5 th May 2023 as seen on the council’s website. <i>Comment: within the Annual Internal Audit Report, internal control objective test M requires the internal auditor to establish whether the parish council correctly provided for the exercise and published a copy of the required “Public Notice” by ensuring that it clearly identified the statutory 30 working</i>

¹⁰ Annual Governance & Accountability Return (AGAR)

		<i>day period when the Authority's records are available for public inspection. This is evidenced by the notice on the website which contains the period for the exercise of public right; details of the manner in which the documents can be inspected; the name and address of the external auditor and the provisions as contained under section 25 and section 27 of the Act.</i>
<i>Have the publication requirements been met in accordance with the Regulations?¹¹</i>	Yes	The Council has partially complied with the requirements of the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 for smaller authorities with income and expenditure exceeding £25,000 for the year ending 31 st March 2023 and published the following on a public website: <i>those in bold are missing from the website</i> Notice of the period for the exercise of public rights Annual Internal Audit Report Section 1 – Annual Governance Statement of the AGAR Section 2 – Annual Accounting Statements of the AGAR Notice of conclusion of audit Section 3 – External Auditor's Report and Certificate of the AGAR Sections 1 and 2 of the AGAR including any amendments as a result of the limited assurance review.
Additional comments:		

Section 12 – internal audit The internal auditor will revisit weaknesses and recommendations previously identified to see if these have been addressed. They will also check if any changes introduced require further verification to ensure effectiveness of the corrective action taken.		
Evidence		<i>Internal auditor commentary</i>
<i>Has the Council considered the previous internal audit report?</i>	Yes	The Internal Audit Report for the period ending 31 st March 2023 was considered by and approved for adoption at the meeting of full Council of 17 th July 2023.
<i>Has appropriate action been taken regarding the recommendations raised?</i>	N/A	There were no recommendations raised within the internal audit report for the year ending 31 st March 2023. However at the meeting of 15 th January

¹¹ Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015

		2024, the council considered the comments raised within the narrative internal audit report and agreed that payments made on relevant financial reports should confirm the legal power relied on to make the payment; and the effectiveness of internal auditor review should be reviewed during the year, and it should be recorded on the meeting minutes whether the council agreed the internal audit was effective, independent and competent.
<i>Has the Council confirmed the appointment of an internal auditor?</i>	Yes	The appointment of the person to act as the parish council's independent internal auditor for the year 2023-2024 was approved at the council meeting of 15 th January 2024. <i>Comment: Council has understood the requirement to ensure that there is an appointed person to provide assurance that the financial and management systems of the council are sound and adequate and internal control arrangements are efficient and effective.</i>
Additional comments:		

Section 13 – external audit for the period under review		
The internal auditor will revisit the external audit so that previous weaknesses and recommendations can be considered.		
Evidence		<i>Internal auditor commentary</i>
<i>Has the Council considered the previous external audit report?¹²</i>	Yes	At the meeting of full Council of 12 th October 2023, Council considered the report from the External Auditor for the year ending 31 st March 2023.
<i>Has appropriate action been taken regarding the comments raised?</i>	Yes	The following matters were brought to the attention of the council: Section 1, Assertion 4 has been incorrectly completed and should be answered 'No' as the Notice of Public Rights was not published on the website. This is consistent with the internal auditor response to Internal Control Objective M in the Annual Internal Audit Report.

¹² Regulation 20 Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 – following completion of an audit the Council should note that it is the Council as a whole (i.e., All members) and not a committee that should receive and consider the audit letter (including Annual Return and Certificate) from the local auditor as soon as reasonably practicable and the minutes should reflect that these have been received.

	<p>The smaller authority has not provided an adequate explanation for the variance between the prior and current year values in Box 3 and 6 of Section 2.</p> <p>The certificate and audited accounts were seen on the council's website. <i>Comment: council has also noted that it must also publish the conclusion of the audit notice onto the council's website.</i></p>
<p>Additional comments:</p>	

<p>Section 14 – additional information The internal auditor will look for additional evidence of good record keeping, compliance with data protection regulations, freedom of information and website accessibility regulations.</p>		
Evidence	<i>Internal auditor commentary</i>	
<i>Was the annual meeting held in accordance with legislation?</i> ¹³	Yes	Council held its Annual Meeting of the Parish Council at which the Chair was elected on 15 th May 2023 in accordance with legislation in place at that time.
<i>Is there evidence that Minutes are administered in accordance with legislation?</i> ¹⁴	Yes	Council is aware that that under LGA 1972 schedule 12, paragraphs 41(1) and 44 the draft minutes of a meeting should be formally approved (with any necessary amendments) at the next meeting. At each meeting, the Chair is given formal approval to sign the minutes. Recommendation: Council should ensure that, in accordance with legislation, loose leaf minutes should be numbered consecutively and signed by the Chair of the meeting on each page.
<i>Is there a list of members' interests held?</i>	Yes	Whilst evidence was seen on the district council's website the Register of Interests for all current parish councillors there is no link from the councillor page on the council's own website.
<i>Does the Council have any Trustee responsibilities and if so, are these clearly identified in a Trust Document?</i>	N/A	Council does not have any Trustee Responsibilities.

¹³ The Local Government Act 1972 Schedule 12, paragraph 7 (2) and Schedule 15 (2)

¹⁴ Public Bodies (Admission to Meetings) Act 1960, Local Government Act 1972, and the Localism Act 2011

<p><i>Has the Transparency Code been correctly applied, and information published in accordance with current legislation?</i></p>	<p><i>In progress</i></p>	<p>Councils with gross income and expenditure under £25,000 are required to follow the Local Government Transparency Code 2014 for smaller authorities and ensure that the following are published on a public website in accordance with the dates prescribed by the relevant regulations (not later than 1 July): Internal Audit Report; List of Councillors and Responsibilities; Items of Expenditure Above £100 including recoverable and non-recoverable VAT; End of Year Accounts; Annual Governance Statement; Asset Register and that Agendas of Meetings; Associated Papers and Minutes should be published in accordance with the prescribed timescales as set out in the code for smaller authorities. <i>Comment: salaries are exempt from the requirement to list items of expenditure above £100.</i></p> <p>Councils with annual turnover exceeding £200,000, to ensure full compliance with the requirements of the Local Government Transparency Code 2015, should be aware of the following publication timescales: quarterly: individual items of expenditure that exceed £500 (currently published on an annual basis); Government Procurement Card transactions; Invitations to tender for contracts over £5,000; Details of contracts that exceed £5,000; annually: details of all land and building assets; Grants to Voluntary, Community and Social Enterprise Organisations; Organisational Chart <i>Comment: councils that fall between both thresholds are expected to follow the Local Transparency Code 2015 and the council might wish, as a commitment to openness and transparency, to consider maintaining and monitoring the council's website so that it is updated regularly with the above information.</i></p>
<p><i>Has the Council registered with the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO)?¹⁵</i></p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>The Council is correctly registered with the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO) as a Data Controller in accordance with the Data Protection Legislation.</p> <p>The ICO's Model Publication Scheme information sheet has been uploaded onto the council's website and has been tailored to the council to accurately</p>

¹⁵ Data Protection Act 2018

		reflect council's activities undertaken and the manner in which information will be made available.
<i>Is the Council compliant with the General Data Protection Regulation requirements?</i>	Yes	<p>Council has taken active steps to ensure compliancy with the GDPR requirements and has adopted a number of GDPR Policies during the year that provides clear responsibilities and obligations of the Council in respect of the collecting, using and protecting of personal information in accordance with the provisions of the GDPR. The Privacy Policy on the Parish Council's website covers the framework that the public can expect for dealing with requests from individuals who have the right to know what data is held on them, why the data is being processed and whether it will be given to any third party.</p> <p><i>Comment: council is advised to consider the adoption of a document and data retention policy which will assist with the timely disposal of data and ensure compliance with the General Data Protection Regulations to ensure that personal information is not retained longer than necessary.</i></p>
<i>Has the Council published a website accessibility statement on their website in line with Regulations?¹⁶</i>	Yes	<p>Council has published technical information about the website's accessibility on the council operated website detailing the technical information of the website along with the methods used for testing the website; the steps being taken to improve accessibility and how the site is being improved to ensure that content meets the WCAG 2.1 Standard under Regulation 8 of the Public Sector Bodies (Websites and Mobile Applications) (No. 2) Accessibility Regulations 2018.</p>
<i>Does the council have official email addresses for correspondence?¹⁷</i>	Yes	<p>Council has a .org.uk secure and digitally managed email system with councillors using their own personal emails addresses.</p> <p><i>Comment: Council should consider the comments raised in the Practitioners Guide to Proper Practices (effective March 2024) section 1.26 which states that every authority should have an email account that belongs to the council and to which the council has access.</i></p> <p>Further guidance issued over the use of a secure e-mail system with a gov.uk address with dedicated email address for councillors can be found at sections 5.210 to 5.219.</p>

¹⁶ Website Accessibility Regulations 2018

¹⁷ Practitioners Guide

<i>Is there evidence that electronic files are backed up?</i>	Yes	Council uses a system whereby a back-up of the council's data is taken and stored appropriately.
<i>Do terms of reference exist for all committees and is there evidence these are regularly reviewed?</i>	N/A	Council does not operate with a committee system.

Signed: *Victoria S Waples*

Date of Internal Audit Review: 10.06.2024 & 12.06.2024

Date of Internal Audit Report: 12.06.2024

On behalf of Suffolk Association of Local Councils